# KAMCO INVEST

## **GCC Inflation Update**

## February-2023

### Inflation remains low in GCC; expected to fall globally in the near term...

The year 2022 was a turbulent year for the global economy with runaway inflation and the cost-ofliving crisis being dominant issues facing the bulk of the countries globally. The GCC economies were no exception that faced the challenges of higher prices that worsened due to excessive reliance on imported products. However, proactive policies by the governments in the region and subsidies on food and energy items helped to keep inflation in the region at relatively low levels. Inflation in the GCC averaged at around the 4% mark and showed a downward trend for most countries during 2H-2022.

Global energy prices sky-rocketed during 2022 mainly driven by the Russia-Ukraine conflict as Russia's energy exports were sanctioned. The EU countries, Russia's biggest natural gas and oil export destination, started to diversify and look elsewhere for energy imports to curtail Russia's ability to wage war. The sanctioning of Russia's energy exports created a supply drop in global energy markets hence pushing oil and natural gas prices up. The Russia-Ukraine conflict also created a negative sentiment in energy markets as the war nears its one-year anniversary. In 2022, European natural gas prices reached record highs. The Dutch TTF natural gas future prices touched EUR 340/MWh in August-2022, the highest levels ever recorded, while the US oil prices spiked to 13-year high of over USD 130 per barrel during March-2022.

Russia and Ukraine are key producers of global foodstuffs. Between them the two countries export nearly one third of the world's wheat exports and barley and over 70% of its sunflower. The Russia-Ukraine conflict has prevented export of foodgrains from those countries from leaving their shores causing worldwide price increases in food as well as other repercussions such as fear of food shortages, inflation, and political instability.

Inflation reached a peak of 9.1% in June-2022 in the US and has mostly trended downwards thereafter. Inflationary pressure is also expected to ease in the near term. According to the IMF, nearly 84% of the countries in the world are forecasted to have lower consumer price index inflation growth in 2023 than in 2022 when inflation reached the highest level in decades. In terms of global inflation growth, the IMF forecasted in its latest World Economic Report, that global headline inflation would fall from an annual average of 8.8% in 2022 to 6.6% in 2023 and further to 4.3% in 2024. The IMF attributed its lower inflation projection declining international fuel and nonfuel commodity prices due to weaker global demand.

Efforts to control inflation via tighter monetary policies, including higher interest rates, are expected to continue in 2023. After raising rate by 25 bps in 2023, the US Fed is expected to undertake further rate hikes as indicated in their statement as well as probability surveys from Bloomberg that shows at least two more rate hikes of 25 bps this year.



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Sources : Bloomberg, Kamco Invest Research, IMF

### GCC rate hikes and inflation

In its latest response at the start of February-2023, Saudi Arabia's Central Bank increased its repo rate by 0.25% to 5.25% while the UAE Central Bank lifted its base rate for overnight deposit facility from 4.4% to 4.65%. Similarly, Kuwait's Central Bank has raised its discount rate by 50 bps from 3.5% to 4% whereas the Central Bank of Bahrain raised its one-week deposits rate by 25 basis points to 5.5%. On the other hand, the Central Bank of Qatar kept its rates intact; its repo rate at 5.25%, its deposit rate at 5% and its lending rate at 5.5%. GCC central banks follow the US Federal Reserve's rate changes since their local currencies are pegged to the US Dollar barring Kuwait which has its currency pegged to a basket of currencies.

Inflation in the MENA region is expected to affect economic growth despite being low when compared to global economies. Efforts such as price controls and consumption subsidies in some countries in the MENA region helped to control prices. However, these measures are expected to result in additional costs to oil importing countries in the region. According to the World Bank, developing oil importing countries in the region might need to find new revenues, increase deficit, debt, or even cut government spending in other areas of the economy to fund costs of the inflation mitigation programs. In contrast, there is no such fiscal pressure for the GCC and other oil-exporting countries in the region as state revenue growth mainly from higher oil prices is expected to more than compensate for additional inflation mitigation costs incurred by governments.

In the GCC region, inflation is expected to diminish in 2023 led by higher interest rates and slowing global growth. According to PWC, inflation in the region is expected to average of 2.7% in 2023. The GCC region is also expected to gain from its relative stability in its financial covers thanks to higher oil prices and higher energy exports in 2022. This would allow countries in the region to invest in critical sectors in order to protect from future fluctuations in key food and component prices.

## **Global inflation trend**

According to the IMF, global inflation is expected to stabilize at 6.6% in 2023 and then drop to 4.3% in 2024 as compared to 8.8% in 2022. The forecast is based on expected drop in energy prices, improving global supply chains and stabilization in prices of essential commodities. However, factors such as faster economic growth in China and a rise in energy prices can push inflationary pressures upwards. On the regional front, inflation in developing countries is projected to reach 7.9% in 2023 and 5.8% in 2024. The primary apparatus of controlling the global run-away inflation in 2022 has been the coordinated aggressive increase of benchmark rates among most of the major central banks in the world. The increase of interest rates is expected to have consequences in economic growth around the globe. According to Morgan Stanley analysis, the US economy would stagnate during 2023 witnessing a marginal growth of 0.5% while economies in Euro area and UK are likely to contract 0.2% and 1.5%, respectively. On the other hand, India and China are expected to drive global economic growth during 2023 with GDP expansion likely to reach 6.2% and 5.0%, respectively.

## Kuwait

Consumer inflation in Kuwait witnessed a declining trend in 2022 after peaking in April-2022 at 4.7% mainly reflecting a fall in the Food & Beverages and Clothing & Footwear groups. The y-o-y growth in the index was the smallest during the last two months of the year at 3.2%. The latest inflation reading for January-2023 showed a small uptick of 10 bps to reach 3.3%. The increase was led by a 7.4% growth in the Food & Beverages index followed by the Clothing & Footwear price index which registered 6% y-o-y growth. Inflation in the Housing Services group, the largest weighted group, witnessed a y-o-y increase of 1.4%. In terms of m-o-m changes, Kuwait's CPI witnessed a marginal uptick of 0.24% during January-2023 driven by prices of Clothing & Footwear group which a recorded m-o-m growth of 0.86%.

Kuwait, which imports the bulk of its food requirements, was affected by the rise in world food prices which hit record levels in 2022. According to Reuters, the Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO) main food price index reached 143.7 points in 2022 recording a 14.3% increase from 2021. Kuwait's Food & Beverages component of the CPI recorded the biggest yearly growth among the CPI indices primarily driving the country's inflation growth during the year.

Consumer Price Index	Average	Actual			Projections	
Y-o-y percent change	2000–18	2019	2020	2021	2022e	2023e
Bahrain	1.8%	1.0%	-2.3%	-0.6%	3.5%	3.4%
Kuwait	3.0%	1.1%	2.1%	3.4%	4.3%	2.4%
Oman	2.2%	0.1%	-0.9%	1.5%	3.1%	1.9%
Qatar	3.7%	-0.7%	-2.7%	2.3%	4.5%	3.3%
Saudi Arabia	2.0%	-2.1%	3.4%	3.1%	2.7%	2.2%
United Arab Emirates	3.8%	-1.9%	-2.1%	0.2%	5.2%	3.6%

Sources : IMF, Kamco Invest Research

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#### Saudi Arabia

Annual consumer price index for the Kingdom rose by 3.35% during January-2023 mainly driven by an increase in Housing Water, Gas and Electricity sector index which witnessed 6.6% growth and the Restaurants index which registered 6.5% growth during the month. Saudi Arabia's y-o-y inflation growth in January-2023 has been its highest monthly y-o-y rate change since June-2021, according to the Kingdom's General Authority of Statistics. Food & Beverages index which has about 18.8% weight (second largest weight in the index) in the Kingdom's CPI index was another key driver behind the CPI uptick recording a growth of 4.2%. In terms of m-o-m change, the Kingdom's CPI witnessed a marginal growth of 0.2% during January-2023 as compared to a 0.3% monthly rise in December-2022.



Sources : Bloomberg, Kamco Invest Research

The IMF expects Saudi Arabia's economy to expand by 2.6% (lower than the Kingdom's own estimates of 3.1%) in 2023 and 3.4% in 2024. On the other hand, the Saudi government expects inflation in the Kingdom to average at 2.1% in 2023 down from an annual average of 3.3% in 2022. According to the global credit ratings agency Fitch, one of the key tenets that is expected to drive the Kingdom's economic growth in 2023 would be its low inflation rate among other things such as steady population growth and an increase in household incomes. Inflation in the Kingdom witnessed significant uptick in 2020 averaging 3.5% during 2020 after the Saudi government raised VAT from 5% to 15%. Despite witnessing lower inflation growth than most of its global counterparts the Saudi government has taken proactive steps to contain inflation including programs to give more support to social security beneficiaries and putting a ceiling on energy prices which are the main drivers of the upward pressures of inflation.

### UAE

Inflation in Dubai reached 5.2% during December-2022 up from 4.7% in November-2022 according the UAE' Minister of Economy. The rise in inflation was mainly driven by stronger increases in prices for housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels. Moreover, prices for transport in the city witnessed a 10% m-o-m growth during the period. According to the Emirates government, UAE inflation is estimated to reach around 5.6% in 2022 the highest rate in the last six years. However, the Emirates inflation rate is forecasted to fall in 2023 thanks to careful fiscal control and the local issuance of currency debt by the UAE government among other measures. The surge in inflation in the UAE is mainly attributed to the same underlying global drivers such as the turbulent economic conditions caused by the Russia-Ukraine war and China's zero Covid policy which disrupted global supply chains. In its latest IMF staff article, the IMF highlighted the UAE's positive economic outlook in 2022 and in 2023 underpinned by higher oil prices and strong domestic economic activity combined with the gradual moderation of inflationary pressures in the country in 2023 backed by prudent fiscal management.



#### Qatar

Qatar's inflation growth was the highest in the GCC region during 2022 but significantly lower than global levels. Qatar's inflation rate surged to 4.2% y-o-y growth in January-2023, the second lowest mark since February-2022 after it increased to 4%. The country witnessed increased domestic demand such as growing energy consumption led by the successful FIFA World Cup it hosted, which strengthened existing inflationary pressures in the country. Inflation during the year was mainly driven by rise in prices in the Recreation & Culture group that saw a increase of 12.5% y-o-y in January-2023 followed by Housing & Utilities and the Restaurant & Hotels groups with y-o-y increases of 11.1% and 6.9%, respectively. In terms of monthly trend, Qatar's inflation rate declined by 2.6% during January-2023 as compared to the 1.2% m-o-m growth in December-2022.

## Bahrain

The annual inflation rate in Bahrain during December-2022 reached its lowest level since June-2022 at 3.6% down from 3.9% in November-2022. The softening of Bahraini's inflation rate was mainly due to the gradual decline of inflation for the Transport group which fell from 6.7% in November-2022 to 6.4% in December 2022, the lowest level in six months. Inflation in Bahrain reached the highest-level during August-2022 and September-2022 at 4%. Despite the Kingdom's annual inflation remaining under its peers, the Bahraini government is currently seeking to legislate an urgent rescue package with the aim of tackling inflation. The legislation, which was introduced during the fourth quarter of 2022, is designed to help Bahraini businesses that are still struggling to recover from the economic measures designed to curb the pandemic. The legislation includes a proposal which lists gyms, spas and entertainment venues among other businesses as the hardest-hit businesses.

### Oman

The inflation rate in the Sultanate of Oman increased to 1.8% y-o-y during January-2023 the lowest monthly growth since August-2021. Oman's inflation rise was mainly driven by a 4.8% y-o-y growth of Food and Non Alcoholic Beverage index, the second biggest weighted index. Furthermore, the Sultanate's Restaurant index also recorded 3.9% y-o-y increase during January-2023. The Sultanate witnessed one of the lowest inflation rates among the GCC countries during 2022 with price growth peaking at 4.4% in January-2022. The Omani government has underlined that the low and acceptable levels of inflation in the Sultanate was due to the governments pro-active handling of the global inflation crisis such as tackling the supply chain crisis related to foodstuffs.

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